

CP 282 Hardener fast MS

Date of compilation: 08/09/2020


Revised: 28/09/2022

Version: 2 (Replaced 1)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** CP 282 Hardener fast MS
- Other means of identification:**
- UFI:** UY60-X0R6-300Y-D8X4
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
- Relevant uses: Hardener for coatings. For professional users only.
- Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
- Multichem Sp. zo.o.
 ul. Przemysłowa 2
 62-030 LUBOŃ - POLSKA
 Phone: +48 61 893 37 31 - Fax: +48 61 893 37 32
 info@multichem.pl
 https://www.multichem.pl
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +61 893 37 31 (8:00 - 16:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**
- Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
- Acute Tox. 4: Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4, H332
 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412
 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304
 Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319
 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
 Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317
 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373
 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335
 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336
- 2.2 Label elements:**
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**
- Danger**
- 
- Hazard statements:**
- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
 H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements:**

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ** (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
 P273: Avoid release to the environment.
 P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/respiratory protection/eye protection/protective footwear.
 P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Supplementary information:

EUH204: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers; 2-butoxyethyl acetate; Xylene; N-butyl acetate

UFI: UY60-X0R6-300Y-D8X4

2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria
 Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product fails to meet the criteria.

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS **

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of chemical products

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119485796-17-XXXX	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	35 - <45 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H332; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	
CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3 Index: 607-038-00-2 REACH: 01-2119475112-47-XXXX	2-butoxyethyl acetate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	10 - <18 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Warning	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	Xylene⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	10 - <18 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 Index: 607-025-00-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	N-butyl acetate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	5 - <15 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	
CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ** (continued)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	2,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	Ethylbenzene⁽¹⁾ ATP ATP06	<7 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

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SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:****For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilled product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:****A.- General precautions for safe use**

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**A.- Technical measures for storage**

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C
 Maximum Temp.: 25 °C
 Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	IOELV (8h)	ppm	mg/m ³
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	133 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	50 ppm	333 mg/m ³
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	241 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	723 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	200 ppm	884 mg/m ³
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m ³

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	1 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	0,5 mg/m ³
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	120 mg/kg	Non-applicable	169 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	333 mg/m ³	133 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	212 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	600 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	25 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	150 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	293 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	796 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	550 mg/m ³	275 mg/m ³	Non-applicable

DNEL (General population):

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	Oral	36 mg/kg	Non-applicable	8,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	72 mg/kg	Non-applicable	102 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	200 mg/m ³	80 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	12,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	125 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	260 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	2 mg/kg	Non-applicable	2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Non-applicable	6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	32 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	15 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	36 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	320 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	33 mg/m ³	33 mg/m ³

PNEC:

Identification				
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	STP	88 mg/L	Fresh water	0,127 mg/L
	Soil	53183 mg/kg	Marine water	0,013 mg/L
	Intermittent	1,27 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	266701 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	26670 mg/kg
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	STP	90 mg/L	Fresh water	0,304 mg/L
	Soil	0,415 mg/kg	Marine water	0,03 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,56 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	2,03 mg/kg
	Oral	0,06 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,203 mg/kg
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg
	Oral	0,02 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,064 mg/L
	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

B.- Respiratory protection



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours		EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands





Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)		EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.		EN 166:2002 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing		EN 1149-1:2006 EN 1149-2:1997 EN 1149-3:2004 EN 168:2002 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018	Limited protection against flames.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Fluid

Colour: Colourless

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	150 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	660 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	3453,53 Pa (3,45 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	980 - 1000 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	0,98 - 1
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20,5 mm ² /s
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	37 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	300 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Particle characteristics:	
Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
Corrosive to metals:	Non-applicable *
Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Non-applicable *

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION **

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Xylene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1480 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	17,2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	LD50 oral	5100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product fails to meet the criteria.

Other information

Non-applicable

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION **

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	LC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	1000 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	LC50	80 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
	EC50	37 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LC50	42,3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	23,2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	0,96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	NOEC	47,5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	30 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	77,3 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	785 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	BCF	3
	Pow Log	1.51
	Potential	Low
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BCF	1
	Pow Log	3.15
	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.43
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	5,532E-1 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	No
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Koc	520	Henry	798,44 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product fails to meet the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION **

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2021 and RID 2021:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 163, 367, 650
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 40-20:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 163, 223, 955, 367
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
Segregation group: Non-applicable
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2022:

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION ** (continued)



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Non-applicable

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable
 Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable
 Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable
 Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable
 REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Contains more than 0.1 % of Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers by weight. 1. Shall not be used as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 August 2023, unless:

(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the employer or self-employed ensures that industrial or professional user(s) have successfully completed training on the safe use of diisocyanates prior to the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s).

2. Shall not be placed on the market as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 February 2022, unless:

(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the supplier ensures that the recipient of the substance(s) or mixture(s) is provided with information on the requirements referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 and the following statement is placed on the packaging, in a manner that is visibly distinct from the rest of the label information: "As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use".

3. For the purpose of this entry "industrial and professional user(s)" means any worker or self-employed worker handling diisocyanates on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) or supervising these tasks.

4. The training referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall include the instructions for the control of dermal and inhalation exposure to diisocyanates at the workplace without prejudice to any national occupational exposure limit value or other appropriate risk management measures at national level. Such training shall be conducted by an expert on occupational safety and health with competence acquired by relevant vocational training. That training shall cover as a minimum:

(a) the training elements in point (a) of paragraph 5 for all industrial and professional use(s).

(b) the training elements in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:

- handling open mixtures at ambient temperature (including foam tunnels)
- spraying in a ventilated booth
- application by roller
- application by brush
- application by dipping and pouring
- mechanical post treatment (e.g. cutting) of not fully cured articles which are not warm anymore
- cleaning and waste
- any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route

(c) the training elements in points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:

- handling incompletely cured articles (e.g. freshly cured, still warm)
- foundry applications
- maintenance and repair that needs access to equipment
- open handling of warm or hot formulations (> 45 °C)
- spraying in open air, with limited or only natural ventilation (includes large industry working halls) and spraying with high energy (e.g. foams, elastomers)
- and any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route.

5. Training elements:

(a) general training, including on-line training, on:

- chemistry of diisocyanates
- toxicity hazards (including acute toxicity)
- exposure to diisocyanates
- occupational exposure limit values
- how sensitisation can develop
- odour as indication of hazard
- importance of volatility for risk
- viscosity, temperature, and molecular weight of diisocyanates
- personal hygiene
- personal protective equipment needed, including practical instructions for its correct use and its limitations
- risk of dermal contact and inhalation exposure
- risk in relation to application process used
- skin and inhalation protection scheme
- ventilation
- cleaning, leakages, maintenance
- discarding empty packaging
- protection of bystanders
- identification of critical handling stages
- specific national code systems (if applicable)



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- behaviour-based safety
- certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed

(b) intermediate level training, including on-line training, on:

- additional behaviour-based aspects

— maintenance

— management of change

— evaluation of existing safety instructions

— risk in relation to application process used

— certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed

(c) advanced training, including on-line training, on:

— any additional certification needed for the specific uses covered

— spraying outside a spraying booth

— open handling of hot or warm formulations (> 45 °C)

— certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed

6. The training shall comply with the provisions set by the Member State in which the industrial or professional user(s) operate.

Member States may implement or continue to apply their own national requirements for the use of the substance(s) or mixture (s), as long as the minimum requirements set out in paragraphs 4 and 5 are met.

7. The supplier referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall ensure that the recipient is provided with training material and courses pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the substance(s) or mixture(s) are supplied. The training shall take into consideration the specificity of the products supplied, including composition, packaging, and design.

8. The employer or self-employed shall document the successful completion of the training referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5. The training shall be renewed at least every five years.

9. Member States shall include in their reports pursuant to Article 117(1) the following information:

(a) any established training requirements and other risk management measures related to the industrial and professional uses of diisocyanates foreseen in national law

(b) the number of cases of reported and recognised occupational asthma and occupational respiratory and dermal diseases in relation to diisocyanates

(c) national exposure limits for diisocyanates, if there are any

(d) information about enforcement activities related to this restriction.

10. This restriction shall apply without prejudice to other Union legislation on the protection of safety and health of workers at the workplace.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION **

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION ** (continued)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

- New declared substances
 - Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)
 - 2-butoxyethyl acetate (112-07-2)
 - Xylene (1330-20-7)
 - N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)
 - Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (128601-23-0)
 - Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
 - 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)

Substances that contribute to the classification (SECTION 2):

- New declared substances
 - Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (28182-81-2)
 - 2-butoxyethyl acetate (112-07-2)
 - Xylene (1330-20-7)
 - N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Pictograms
- Hazard statements
- Precautionary statements
- Supplementary information

TRANSPORT INFORMATION (SECTION 14):

- UN number
- Packing group

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION ** (continued)

Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
STOT RE 2: Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)
Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
UFI: unique formula identifier
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -